





NATIONAL LIFELINE

LEBANON'S NATIONAL EMOTIONAL SUPPORT AND SUICIDE PREVENTION HELPLINE

in collaboration with the national mental health program at the ministry of public health

MONTHLY LIFELINE INDICATORS

REPORTING PERIOD
June 2023







INTRODUCTION

The Lifeline is the national helpline in Lebanon for emotional support and suicide prevention. As part of its mission, and in collaboration with the National Mental Health Program of the Ministry of Public Health (MOPH), aggregate data related to the Lifeline is captured, analyzed and disseminated on a monthly basis and annually for a yearly snapshot. The data is meant to offer a snapshot of the characteristics of callers to the helpline.

METHODOLOGY

The National Lifeline's trained operators capture anonymous data through a secure computerized system. The non-identifiable data is then analyzed and reported on a monthly basis.

The numbers in this report are meant to offer a snapshot of the population that the National Lifeline serves. Please note that while that this information is recorded as accurately as possible, not all information may always be available. Unless otherwise indicated, the frequencies and percentages reported in this document represents the percentage of observations in a given category out of the total non-missing information. The metrics in this document can be considered representative of calls received during the reported time-period.

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www.embracelebanon.org









June 2023

TOTAL NUMBER OF CALLS WITH CAPTURED DATA

1006

I. AGE OF CALLERS (n= 902)



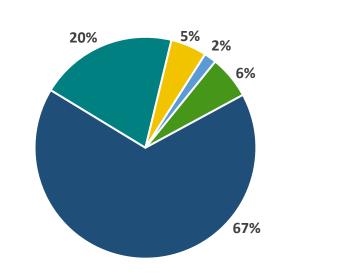
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35-49

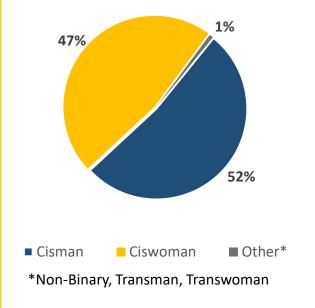
50-64

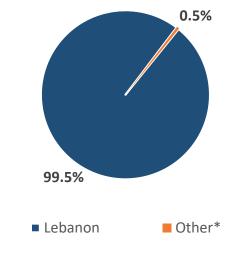
65+



II. GENDER OF CALLERS

III. COUNTRY OF CALLERS (n=1003)





*Hungary, United Arab Emirates, United Status of America



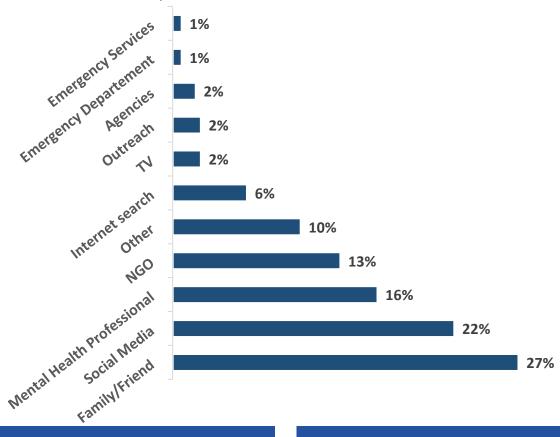




IV. HOW CALLERS HEARD ABOUT THE LIFELINE

*Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% because each caller may have more than one status.

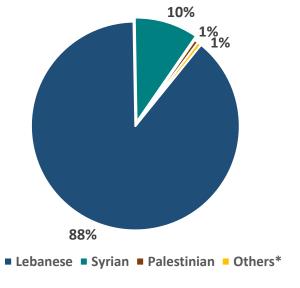
A total of 274 callers informed us of how they first learned about the National Lifeline. The below chart summarizes their responses.



V. SEXUAL ORIENTATION OF CALLERS

11% of calls received by the Embrace Lifeline come from self-identifying LGBTQI+ individuals.

VI. NATIONALITY OF CALLERS (n=868)

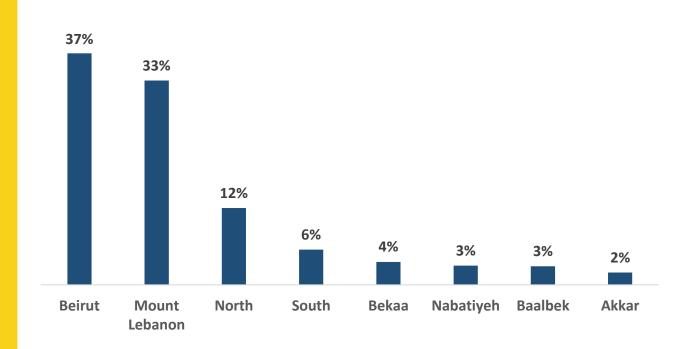




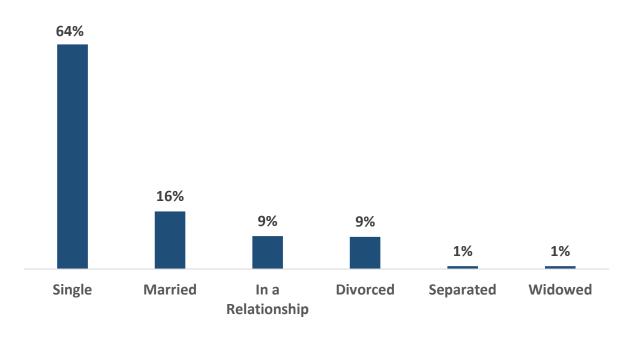




VII. REGION OF RESIDENCE AMONG CALLERS FROM LEBANON (n=820)



VIII. MARITAL STATUS OF CALLERS (n=740)



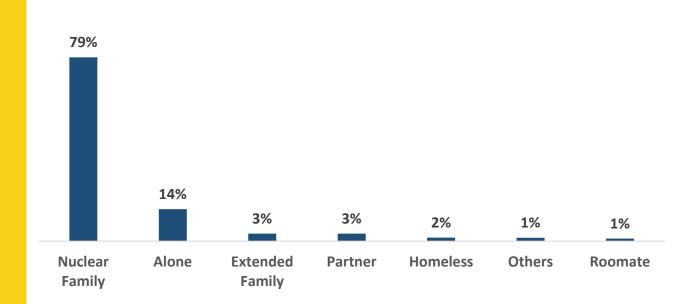




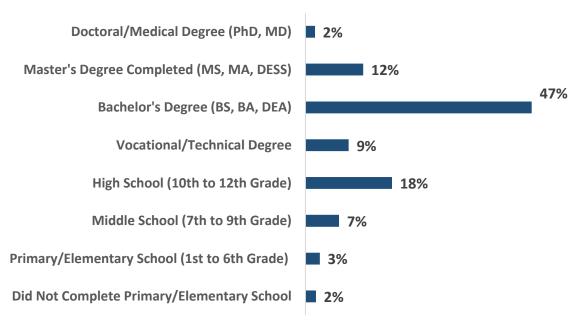


IX. CALLER LIVING WITH (n=804)

*Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% because each caller may endorse more than one living status.



X. HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATION OF CALLERS (n=658)



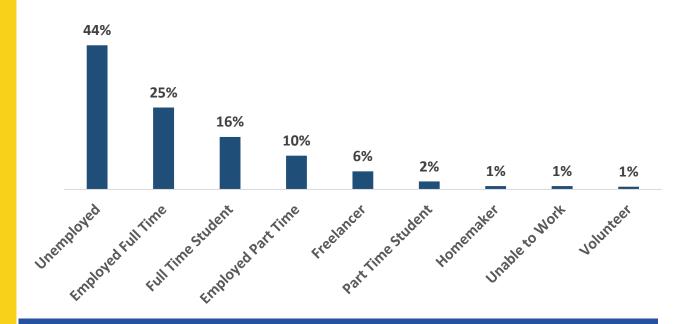




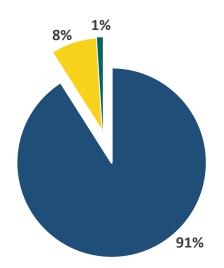


XI. EMPLOYMENT OF CALLERS (n=795)

*Note: Percentages may not add up to 100% because each caller may have more than one status.



XII. CHANGE IN LEVEL OF DISTRESS FROM BEGINNING TO END OF CALL



91% of calls with available data for this indicator (n=309) reported a decrease in the level of distress from the beginning of the call to the end of the call. 8% of calls were from individuals whose level of distress did not change from the beginning to the end of the call. 1% of calls reported to have increase in their level of distress from beginning to the end of the call.

*Note: In some callers, the level of distress may continue to be high even after seeking support from an emotional support service such as the National Lifeline, as the intensity of their distress may be linked to stressors they are facing that may remain unresolved. The Lifeline will orient callers to available resources and services depending on their needs. When received, such services would decrease their psychological distress.

XIII. CALLERS CURRENTLY SEEKING MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES

51% of calls with available data for this indicator (n=792) are from individuals who reported currently receiving *at least 1* mental health service.



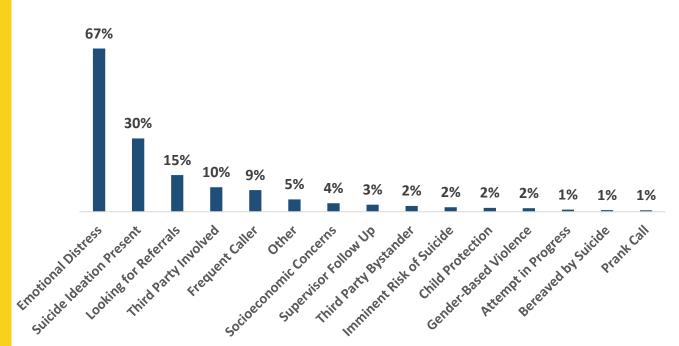




XIV. TYPE OF CALL

*Note: This indicator is assessed by the operator based on their conversation with the caller.

Percentages may not add up to 100% because the caller can express more than one type of concern (e.g., a caller could express both socioeconomic concerns and emotional distress).



XV. SUICIDE ATTEMPT ONGOING

1% of calls were from individuals who had a **suicide attempt** that was **ongoing** during the call.







XXII. ASSOCIATION BETWEEN THE CALLERS' CHARACTERISITCS AND TYPES OF CALL

To note that the below is a bivariate analysis. The founded associations can be confirmed using a multivariable analysis by taking the effects of third variables into consideration.

In order to identify predictors associated with the most frequent types of call such as the "Emotional Distress (ED)" type and the "Frequent Callers (FC)" type respectively & the callers' characteristics, a bivariate analysis was conducted.

There were significant associations between:

- Having an ED type of call and governorate and employment status. ED callers were more likely to be living in Mount Lebanon and less likely in the North/ Akkar governorates and they were mostly employed on a full-time basis.
- Having a FC type of call and governorate and seeking mental health (MH) services. FC were more likely living in the North/Akkar governorates. They also do seek MH services less than non-FC.

	E	Emotional Distress			Frequent Callers		
	Yes	No	P-value	Yes	No	P-value	
Age	29.4±11.9	30.3±12.5	0.3	29.7±12.6	29.7±12.1	0.9	
Gender			0.1			0.4	
Cisman	341 (50.4)	183 (55.5)		52 (57.8)	472 (51.5)		
Ciswoman	326 (48.2)	146 (44.2)		38 (42.2)	434 (47.4)		
Others	9 (1.3)	1 (0.3)		0 (0.0)	10 (1.1)		
Marital Status			0.5			0.3	
Single	308 (62.9)	162 (64.8)		50 (72.5)	420 (62.6)		
Married	80 (16.3)	41 (16.4)		11 (15.9)	110 (16.4)		
Widowed/Divorced/							
Separated	51 (10.4)	29 (11.6)		4 (5.8)	76 (11.3)		
In a relationship	51 (10.4)	18 (7.2)		4 (5.8)	65 (9.7)		
Governorate			<0.001			<0.001	
Beirut	204 (37.6)	103 (37.2)		13 (16.0)	294 (39.8)		
Mount Lebanon	199 (36.6)	66 (23.8)		13 (16.0)	252 (34.1)		
South-Nabatieh	63 (11.6)	10 (3.6)		6 (7.4)	67 (9.1)		
North-Akkar	50 (9.2)	71 (25.6)		39 (48.1)	82 (11.1)		
Bekaa-Baalbek	27 (5.0)	27 (9.7)		10 (12.3)	44 (6.0)		
Education			0.7			0.05	
Below University	175 (39.9)	85 (38.1)		15 (26.8)	245 (40.4)		
University Level	264 (60.1)	138 (61.9)		41 (73.2)	361 (59.6)		
Employment							
Unemployed	206 (39.2)	144 (53.3)	<0.001	35 (53.0)	315 (43.2)	0.1	
Employed Full Time	144 (27.4)	55 (20.4)	0.03	17 (25.8)	182 (25.0)	0.9	
Student Full Time	90 (17.1)	37 (13.7)	0.2	7 (10.6)	120 (16.5)	0.2	
Freelancer	28 (5.3)	16 (5.9)	0.7	1 (1.5)	43 (5.9)	0.2	
Employed Part Time	63 (12.0)	19 (7.0)	0.3	5 (7.6)	77 (10.6)	0.5	
Student Part Time	13 (2.5)	6 (2.2)	0.8	0 (0.0)	19 (2.6)	0.4	
Volunteer	3 (0.6)	3 (1.1)	0.4	0 (0.0)	6 (0.8)	1.0	
Currently Seeking MH Ser	vice						
	269 (50.8)	132 (50.4)	0.9	26 (36.1)	375 (52.1)	0.01	







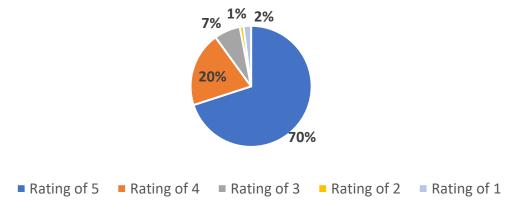


QUALITY ASSURANCE CALLSTOTAL NUMBER OF ASSURANCE CALLS CONDUCTED

111

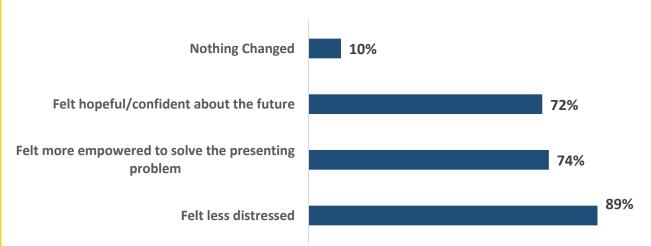
I. LEVEL OF SATISFACTION

111 Quality assurance calls were conducted in May. **99** responded and agreed to participate. Beneficiaries were asked to rate their level of satisfaction with the services received during their initial call on a scale of 1 to 5 with higher numbers indicating greater satisfaction. Across all **99** callers, the average satisfaction rating was **4.55**.



II. CALL OUTCOME

The below figure outlines caller-reported outcomes of their initial call to the Lifeline (N=99)



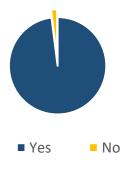
*Note: Callers contacting the National Lifeline may be experiencing chronic/physical or socioeconomic difficulties which cannot be improved by a call to the National Lifeline (Emotional Support and Suicide Prevention Hotline).





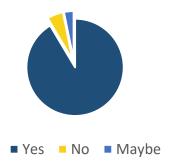


III. RECOMMEND



98% of callers (n=97) reported that they would recommend the Lifeline to others in need of assistance.

IV. CALL BACK



92% of callers with available data (n=92) reported that they would call the Lifeline again if they were experiencing emotional distress or thinking about suicide

Note: 7 out of the 99 callers were **frequent callers** and were asked slightly different questions that the regular callers. These 7 were asked if "their calls to the lifeline are helping them in acquiring skills that they can use daily when they experience any emotional distress or thinking about suicide" instead if "they would call back the Lifeline". 86% answered yes to this question, and 14% disagreed.

IV. HELPFULNESS OF THE ORIENTATION TO OTHER SERVICES



Note: not applicable is referred to either did not use the service yet or waiting for the agency's reply.

referrals during their initial call to the Lifeline. 30% reported that the service was helpful. 24% reported that the service was not helpful due to issues related to the agencies themselves, location, budget, unavailable service, preferences of the caller or personal reasons.

66 of the 99 callers were provided with

45% did not use the service yet due to various personal reasons or are waiting for the follow up from the referral organization.







X. SOCIAL WORK

The Lifeline social worker aims to orient and manage the cases of callers who call the **National Lifeline (1564)** and are in imminent suicide risk with supportive community resources when persons are in life threatening situations and are in need of resourcing. This is done through orientations to organizations providing mental health or other livelihood or protection services and case management services. The Lifeline social worker coordinates with other members of the Lifeline team including operators, lifeline supervisors and lifeline manager.

TOTAL NUMBER OF CONSULTATIONS*			26	TOTAL NUMBER OF ACTIVE CASES	15
1st CONSULT#	9	FOLLOW UP**	17	TOTAL NUMBER OF CLOSED CASES	6

TOTAL NUMBER OF CALLERS REFERRED TO LIFELINE SOCIAL WORKER

KKLK

9

TOTAL NUMBER OF CALLERS ENGAGED WITH

11

*Total number of consultations: Refers to all social work consultations taking place between the Lifeline Mental Health Social Worker and the caller referred (may include more than 1 consultation per caller)

Total Number of Active Cases: Refers to the number of callers who are still being followed up by the Mental Health Social Worker

1st Consults: Refers to the number of cases contacted by the Mental Health Social Worker for the 1st consultation after being referred from the Lifeline.

**Follow up: Refers to the number of follow up consultations (out of the total consultations)

ZOOM IN ON FOLLOW UP CASES

**Follow Up Consultations can be carried out with the callers directly or with the relevant party at a referred resource.

100% of follow up consultations were conducted with the *relevant party at the referred resource* (e.g., a case manager at a rehab facility).

ZOOM IN ON CLOSED CASES

100% Goal achieved

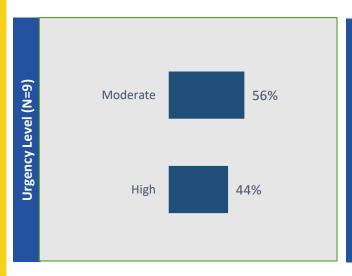


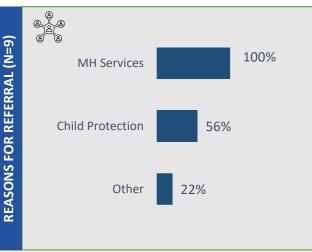




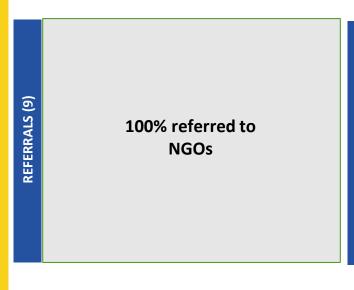
X. SOCIAL WORK

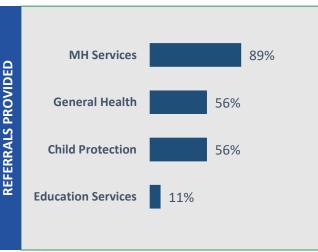
ZOOM IN ON NEW CASES





*Note that percentages for the bar charts may add up to more than 100% because the callers may be referred for several reasons; Abbreviations: MH = Mental Health.





^{*}Note that percentages for the above bar chart may add up to more than 100% because multiple types of referrals can be provided;

Abbreviations: MH = Mental Health, NGO = Non-Governmental Organization, GBV= Gender Based violence.







CALLERS DEMOGRAPHICS

TOTAL NUMBER OF CALLERS ENGAGED WITH

11

The below charts present the demographics of **all** callers the social worker engaged with. This includes new cases and follow ups on other cases active from previous months.

